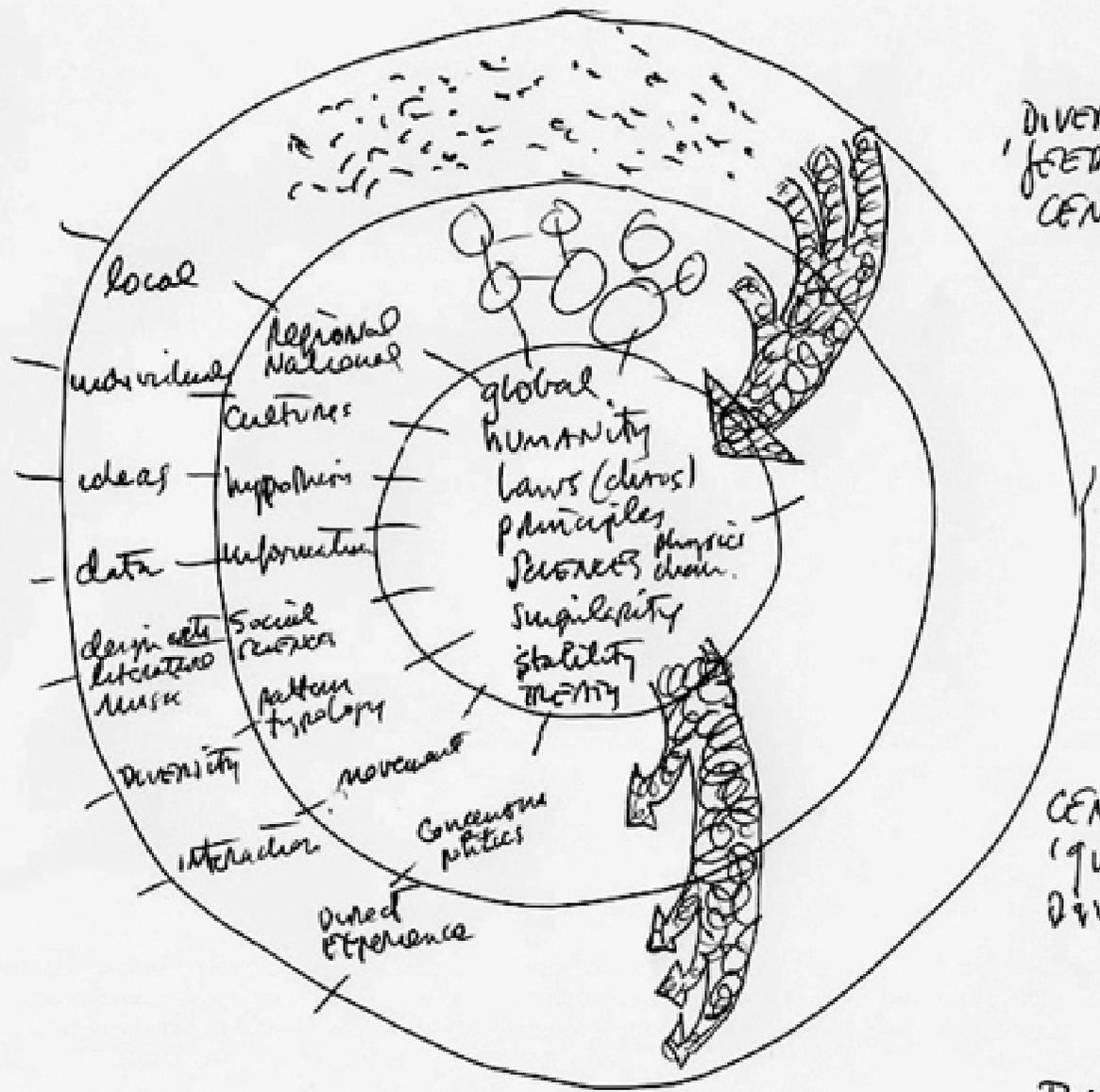


“Many devices which work on a small scale do not work on a large scale.”

Galileo



DIVERSITY
'FEEDS'
CENTRALITY

The NARROWER
THE CIRCLES AND BANDS
THE WORSE IN
THE LONG TERM,
AND THE MORE
AUTHORITARIAN
IT SEEMS

CENTRALITY
'GUIDES'
DIVERSITY

The WIDER
THE CIRCLES AND BANDS
THE BETTER, BUT
THE MORE
CHOTIC IT
SEEMS

The balancing concept is "risk"
and this is the tension, in
decision making and education.



Alternative Futures for Changing Landscapes

THE UPPER SAN PEDRO RIVER BASIN IN ARIZONA AND SONORA

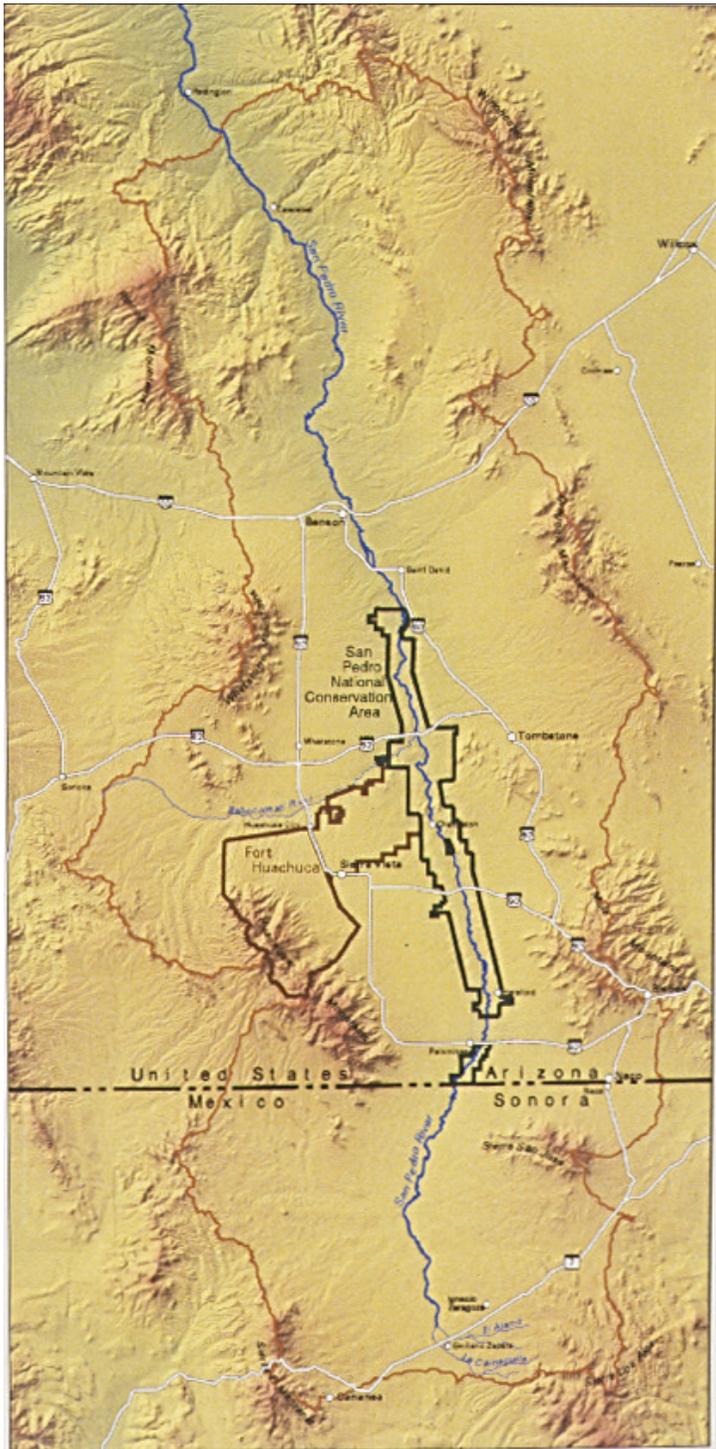
Carl Steinitz
Hector Arias
Scott Bassett

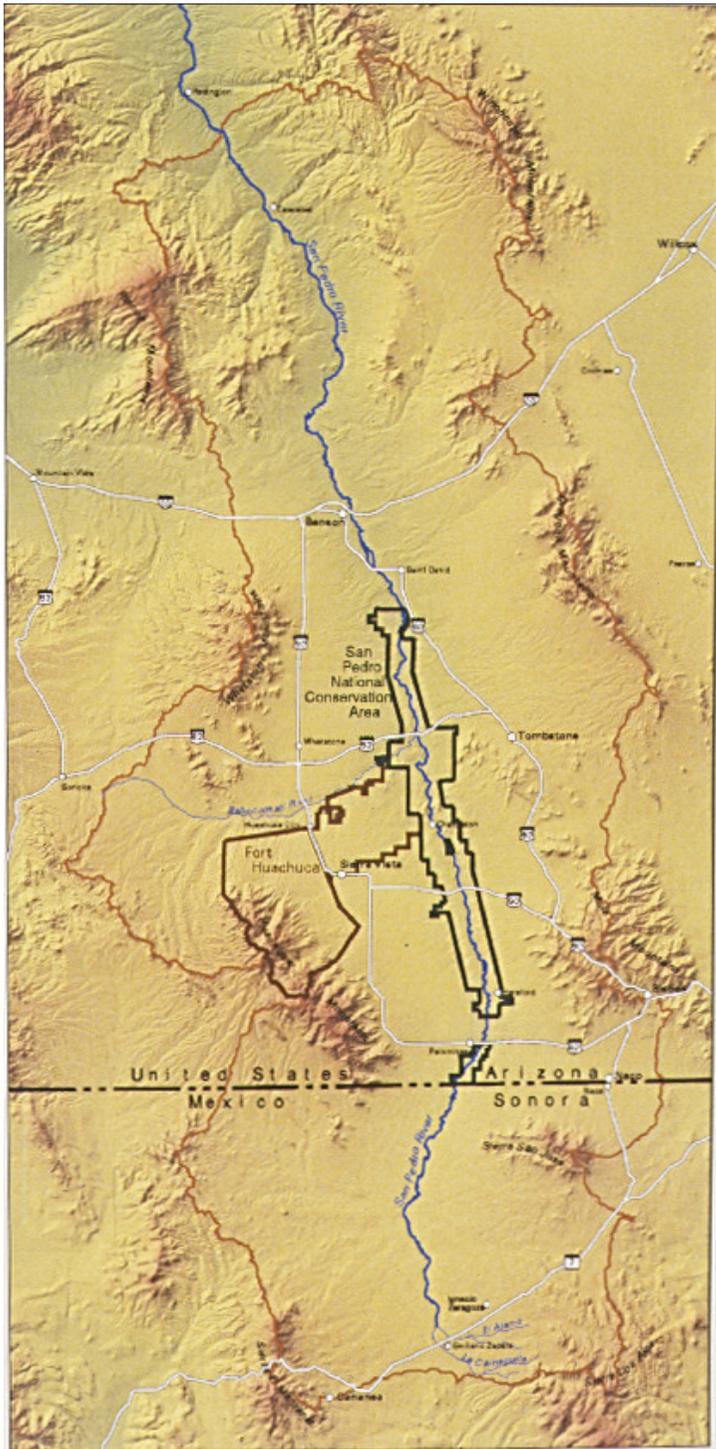
Michael Flaxman
Tomas Goode
Thomas Maddock III

David Mouat
Richard Peiser
Allan Shearer









Scenarios The Upper San Pedro River Basin

PLANS

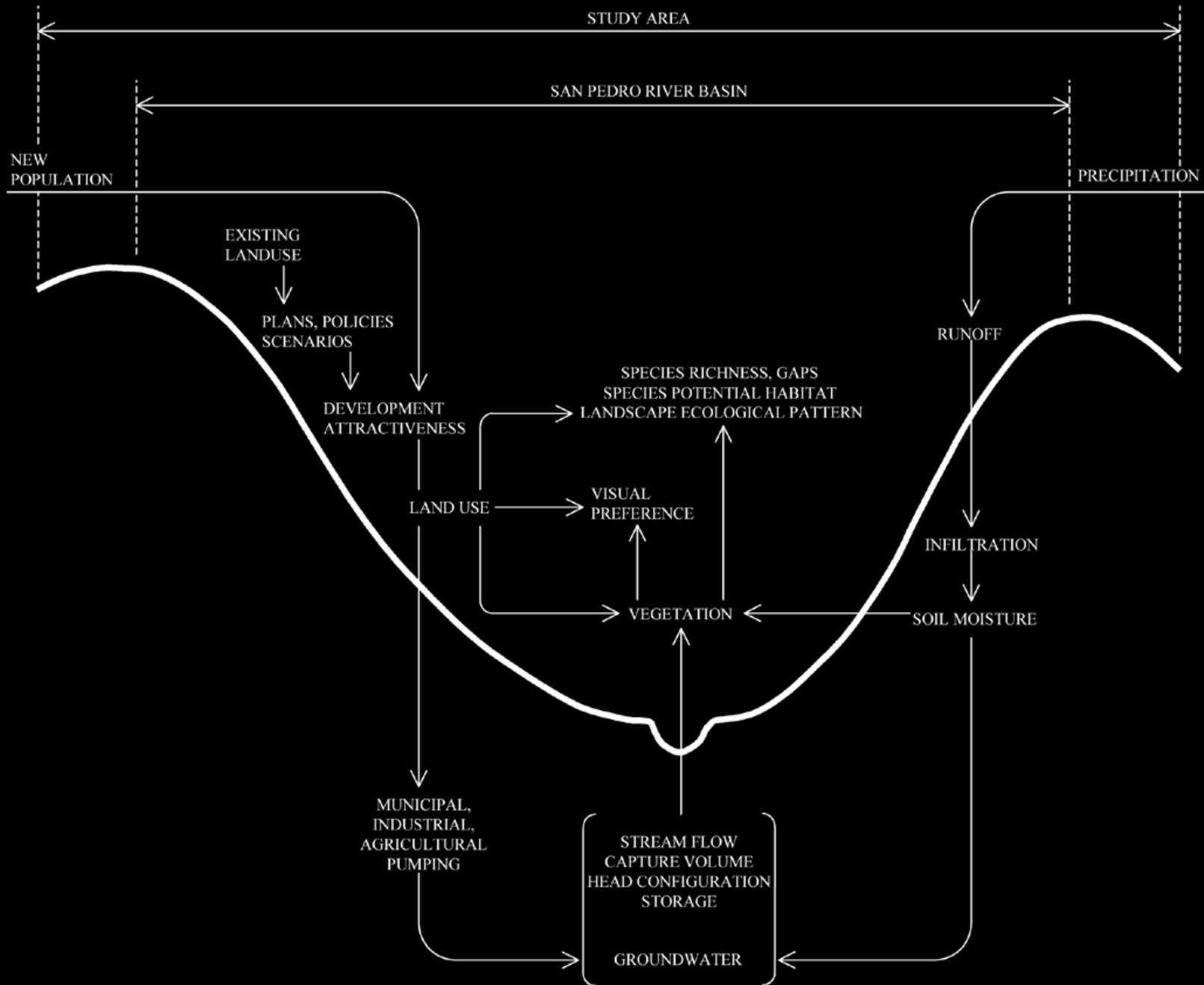
- Plans A scenario in which population growth is as forecast and an interpretation of the current plans of the area are followed
- Plans₁ Variation in which the current (1990) population doubles
- Plans₂ Variation in which Mexico experiences high urban and rural growth
- Plans₃ Variation in which a more conservative interpretation of the area plans is used

CONSTRAINED

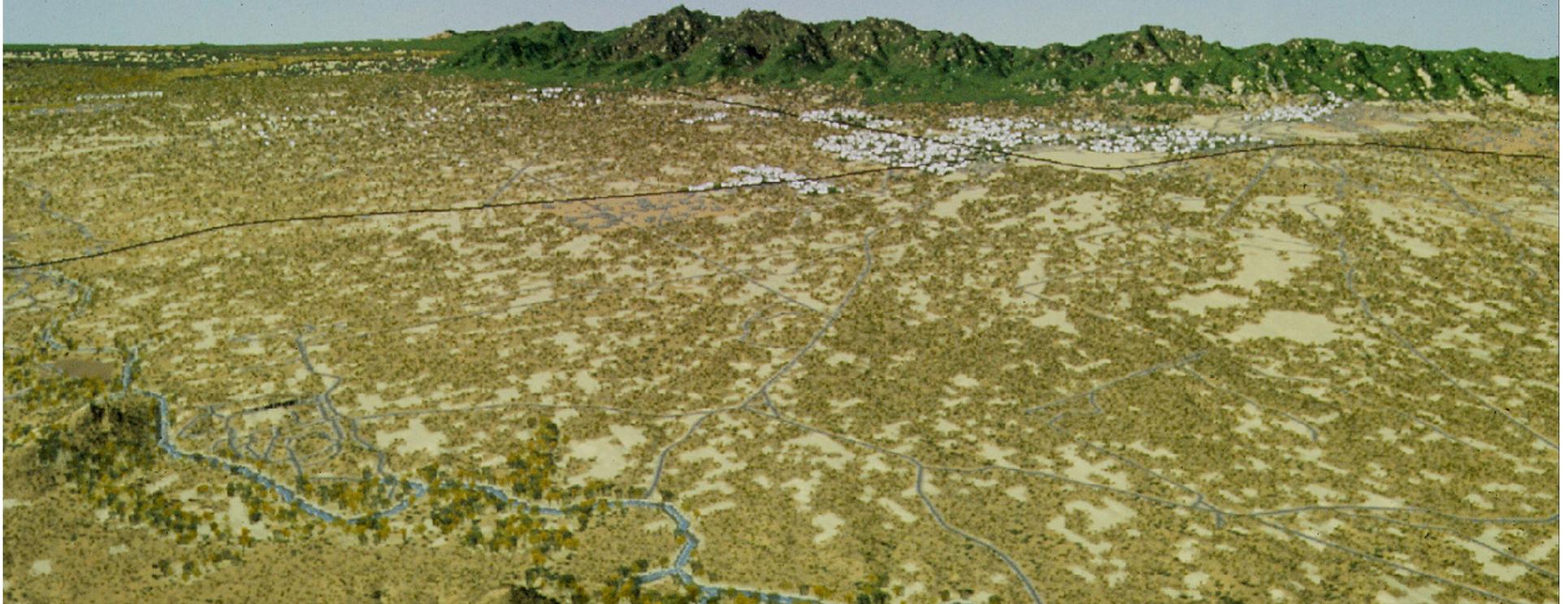
- Constrained A scenario in which population growth is low and development is directed to urban areas
- Constrained₁ Variation in which Fort Huachuca's population doubles
- Constrained₂ Variation in which Fort Huachuca closes

OPEN

- Open A scenario in which population growth is high and few controls on type or location of development
- Open₁ Variation in which Fort Huachuca closes, and there are controls on rural residential land splits
- Open₂ Variation in which Fort Huachuca's population doubles and Mexico experiences high urban and rural growth

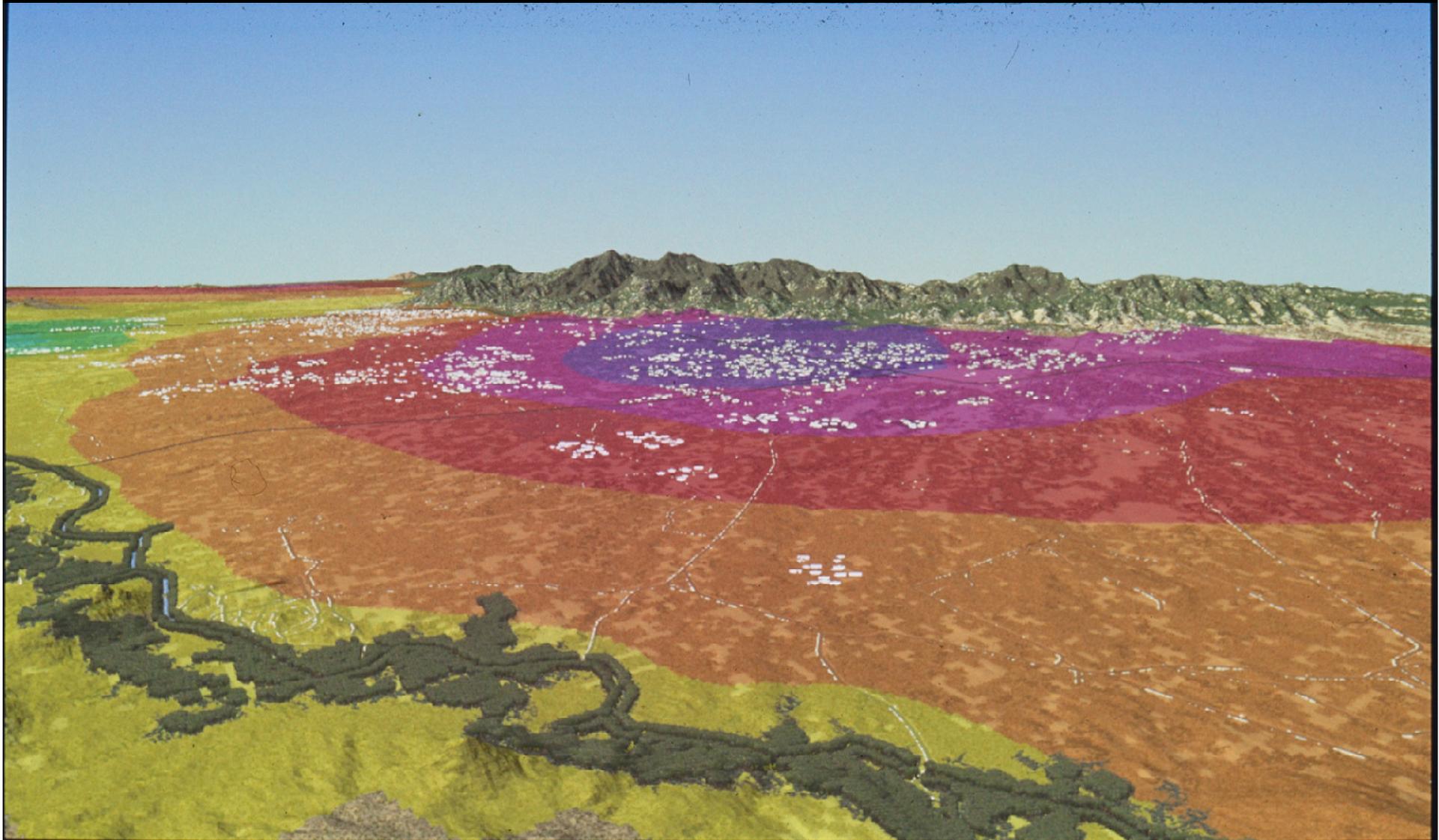


Land Use 1997



Land Use Open Scenario 2017

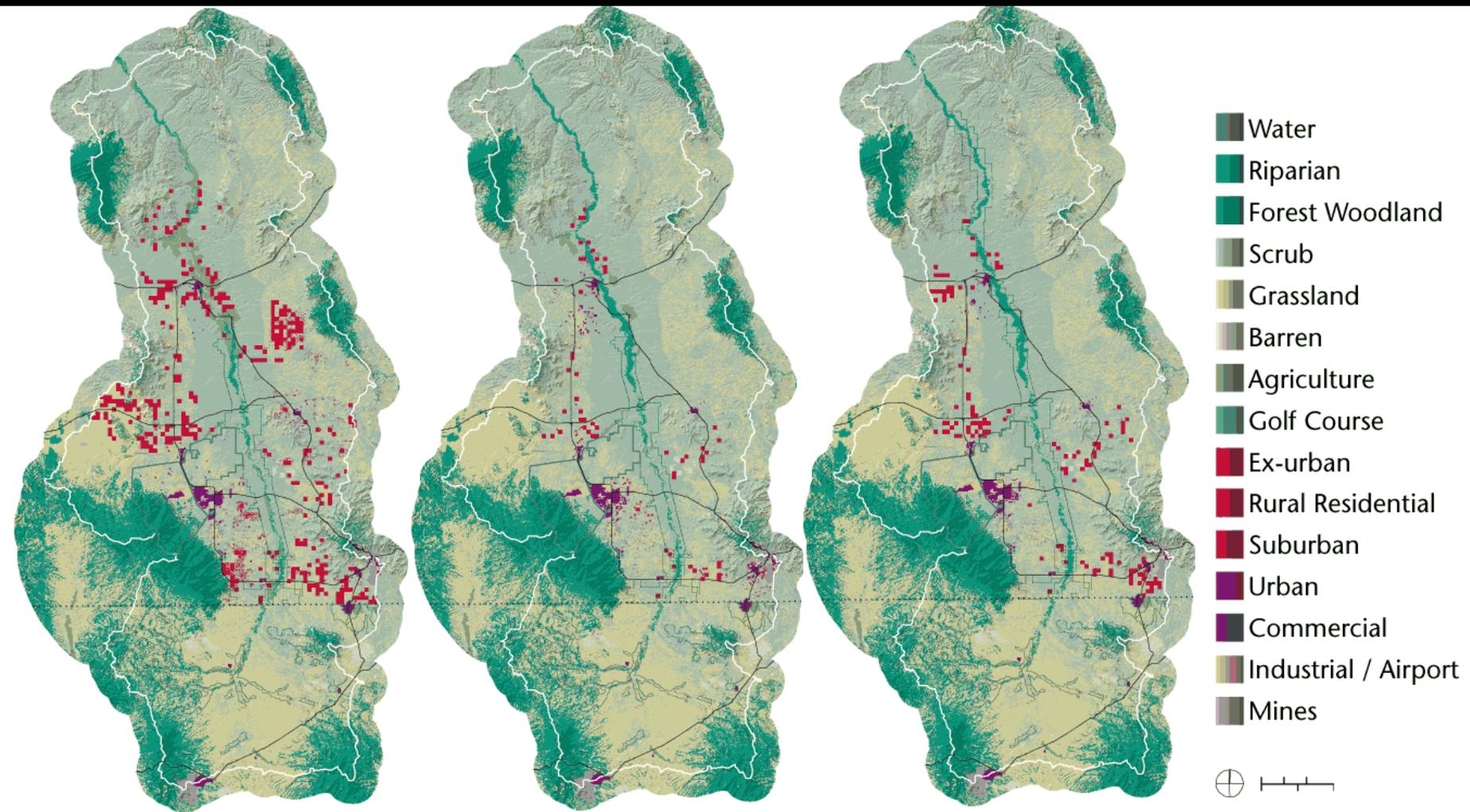




Groundwater Change in Meters
High Gain

Plans: Impact, 2000 - 2020
High Loss





Open

Plans

Constrained

New Development 2000-2020

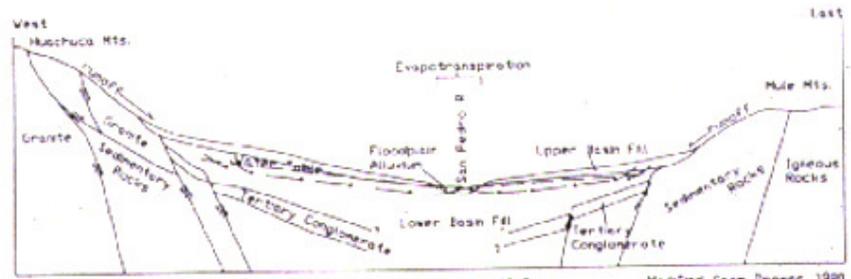
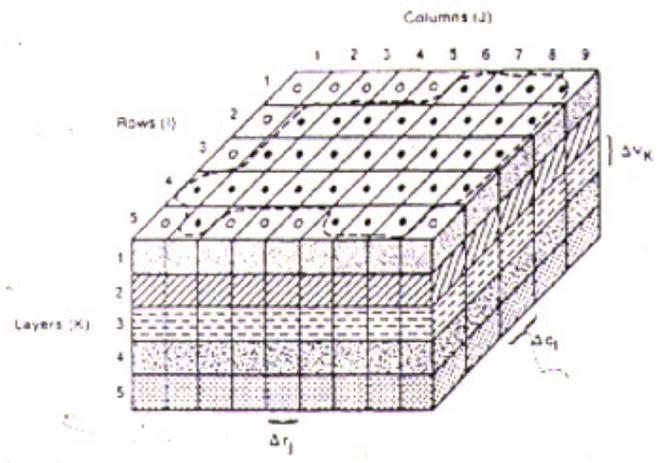


Figure 3. General Hydrogeologic Cross Section of the Southern USP Basin. Modified From Drees, 1980.

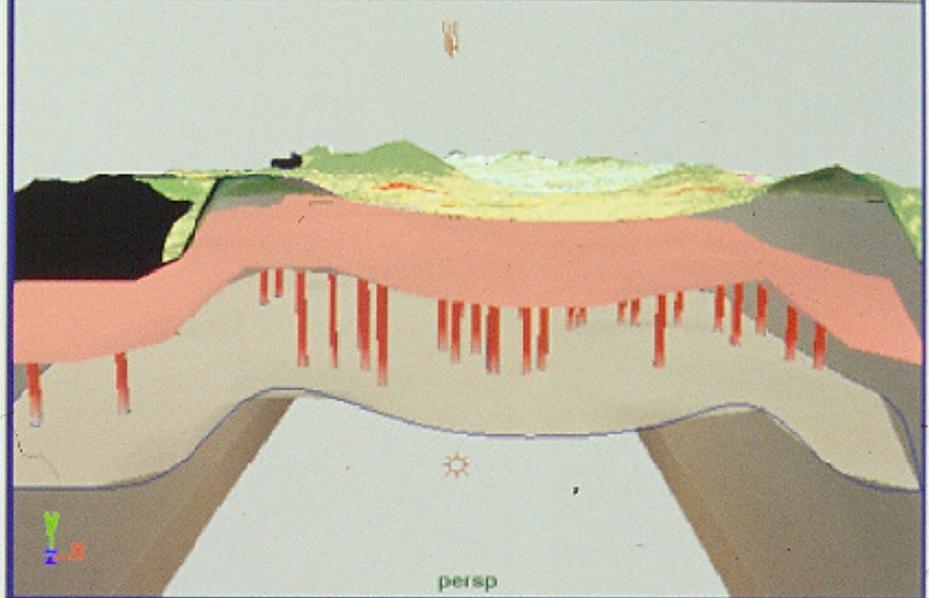
A Discretized Hypothetical Aquifer System
 (McDonald and Harbaugh, 1984)
 Figure 4-1



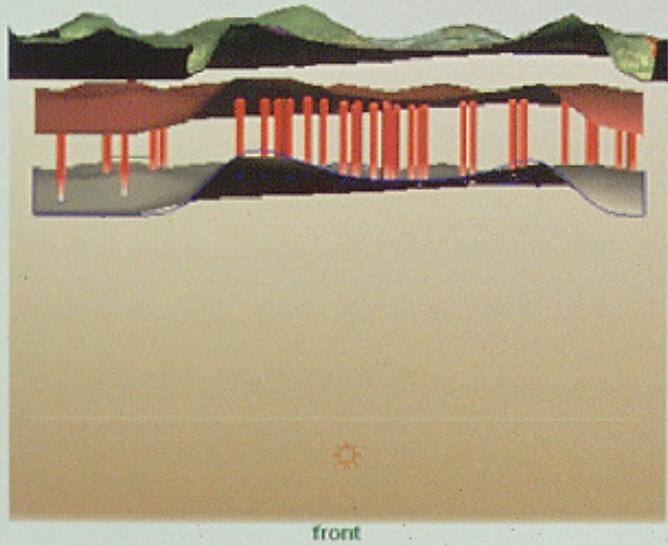
View Shading Lighting Show Panels



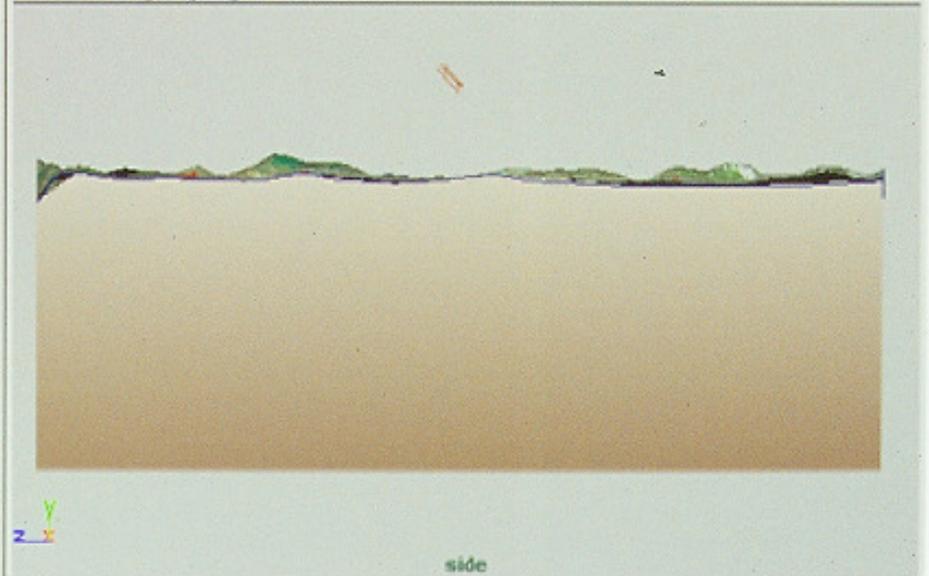
View Shading Lighting Show Panels

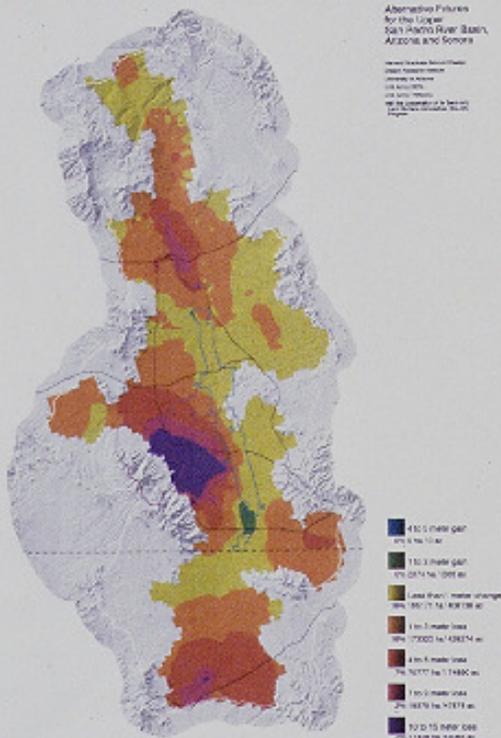


View Shading Lighting Show Panels

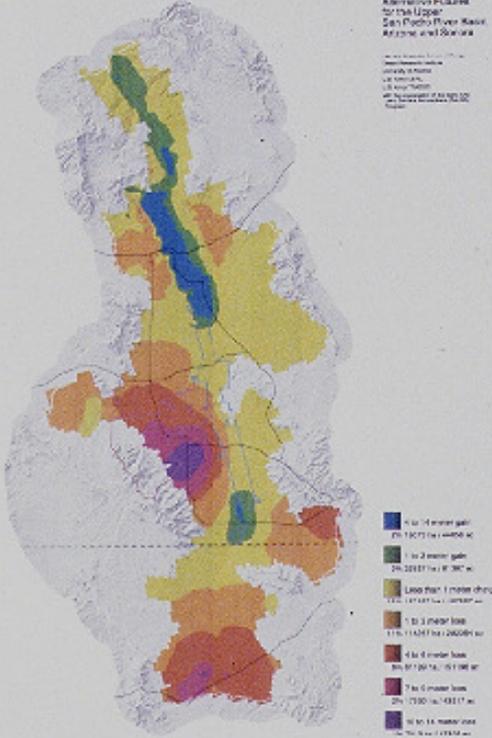
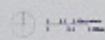


View Shading Lighting Show Panels

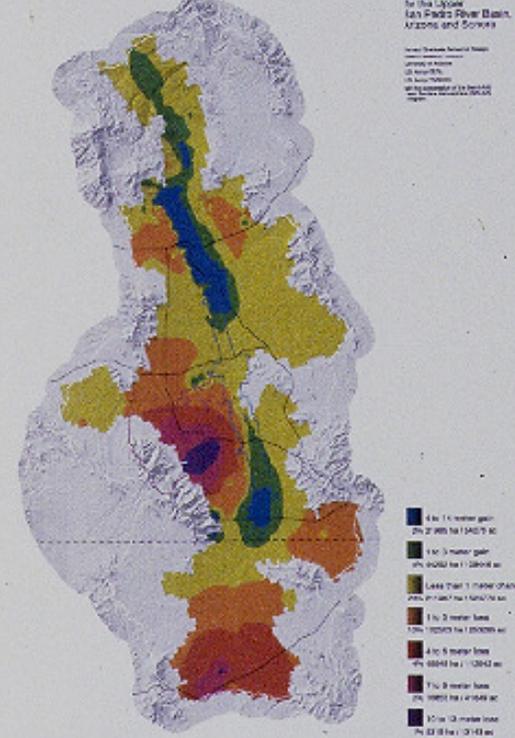
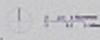




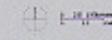
Groundwater Open: Impact, 2000-2020



Groundwater Plans: Impact, 2000-2020

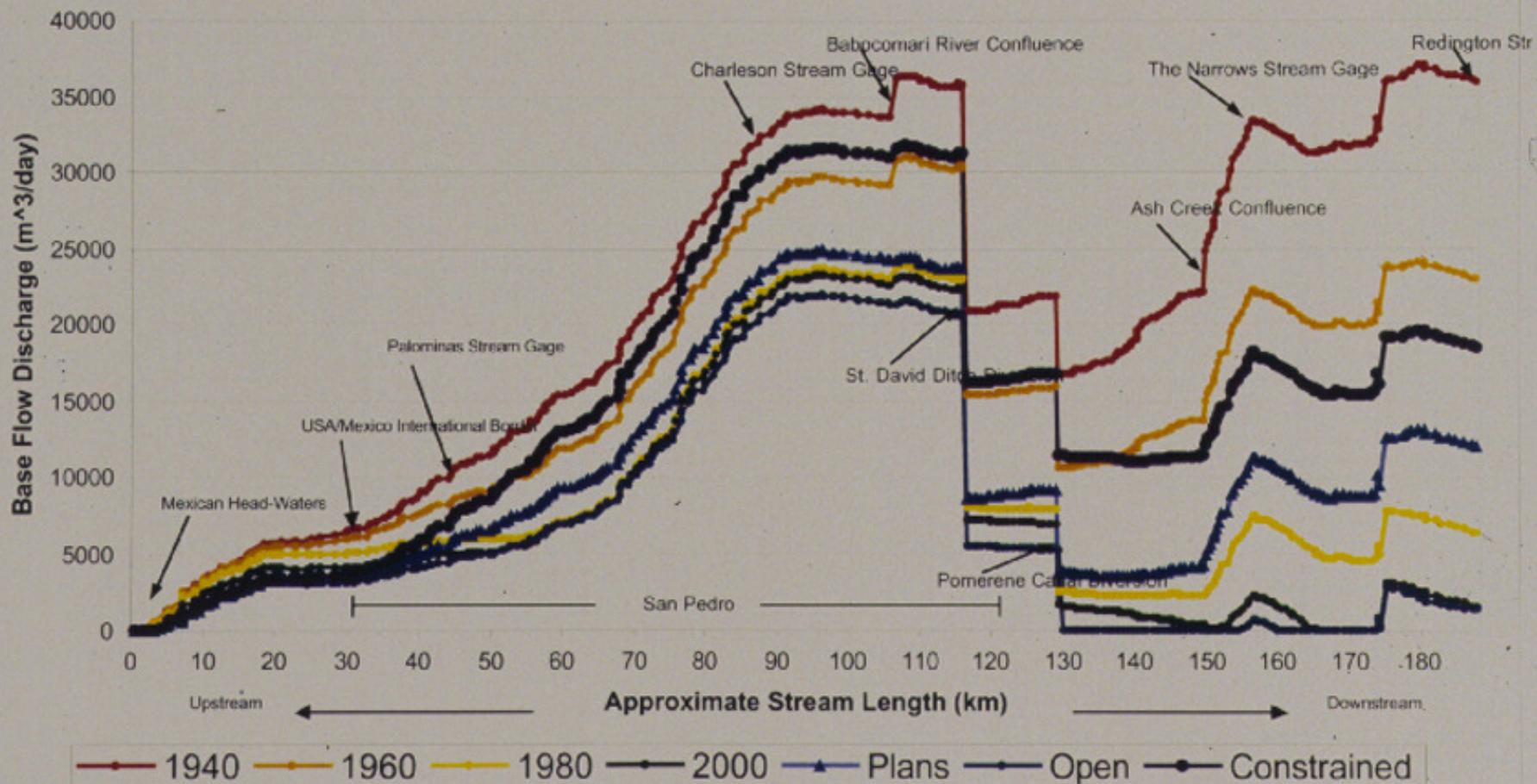


Groundwater Cons: Impact, 2000-2020

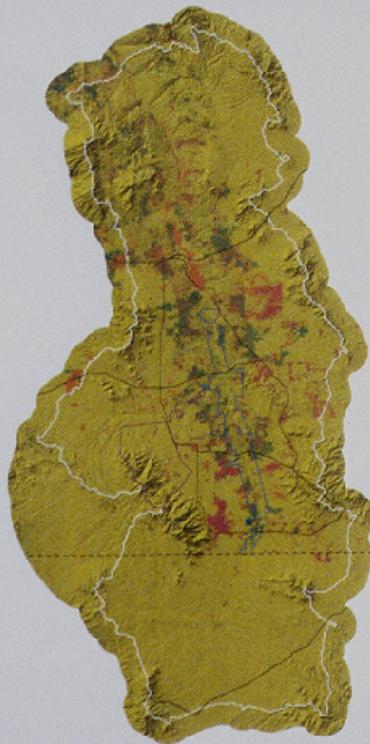




Simulated Streamflow of the San Pedro River Flow (1940-2020)







Alternative Futures for the Upper San Pedro River Basin, Arizona and Sonora

Herbert Gleason School of Design
Design Research Institute
University of Arizona
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
U.S. Army 150R
U.S. Army 150R-00000000
With the cooperation of the San Pedro Land Reclamation Administration (SLRA) Program

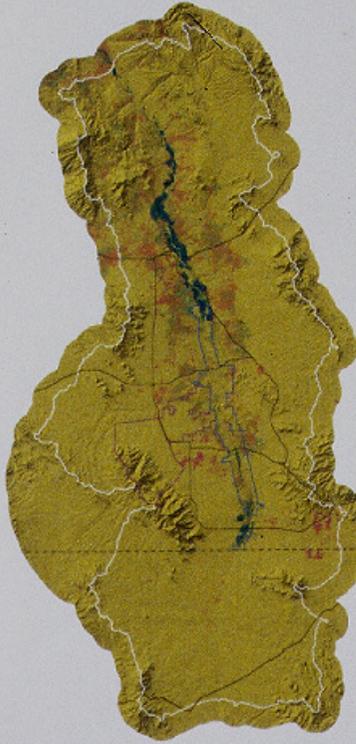
- 121 to 142 species loss
0% 163 ha / 477 ac
- 81 to 120 species loss
0% 666 ha / 2166 ac
- 41 to 80 species loss
0% 1222 ha / 3020 ac
- 1 to 40 species loss
0% 5854 ha / 14715 ac
- No Change
80% 91113 ha / 226220 ac
- 1 to 40 species gain
0% 44392 ha / 110493 ac
- 41 to 80 species gain
0% 308 ha / 764 ac
- 81 to 112 species gain
0% 242 ha / 598 ac



Context: U.S.-MEX

Species Richness
Open: Impact, 2000-2020

0 10 20 Kilometers
0 10 20 Miles



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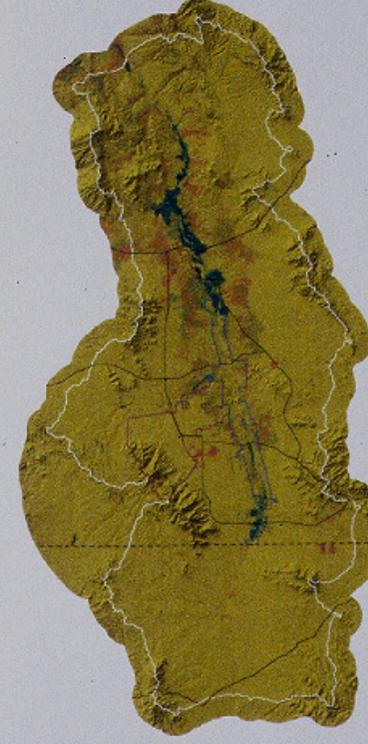
- 121 to 127 species loss
0% 6 ha / 15 ac
- 81 to 120 species loss
0% 2832 ha / 7045 ac
- 41 to 80 species loss
0% 288 ha / 717 ac
- 1 to 40 species loss
0% 4205 ha / 10449 ac
- No Change
91% 98436 ha / 246401 ac
- 1 to 40 species gain
0% 43628 ha / 107508 ac
- 41 to 80 species gain
0% 1084 ha / 2767 ac
- 81 to 120 species gain
0% 8661 ha / 21451 ac
- 121 to 140 species gain
0% 22 ha / 54 ac



Context: U.S.-MEX

Species Richness
Plans: Impact, 2000-2020

0 10 20 Kilometers
0 10 20 Miles



Alternative Futures for the Upper San Pedro River Basin, Arizona and Sonora

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U.S. Army 150R
U.S. Army 150R-00000000
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- 121 to 127 species loss
0% 7 ha / 17 ac
- 81 to 120 species loss
0% 8513 ha / 21274 ac
- 41 to 80 species loss
0% 251 ha / 637 ac
- 1 to 40 species loss
0% 3930 ha / 9942 ac
- No Change
97% 97141 ha / 24762 ac
- 1 to 40 species gain
0% 4899 ha / 12320 ac
- 41 to 80 species gain
0% 2198 ha / 5599 ac
- 81 to 120 species gain
0% 11177 ha / 27918 ac
- 121 to 140 species gain
0% 28 ha / 62 ac



Context: U.S.-MEX

Species Richness
Cons: Impact, 2000-2020

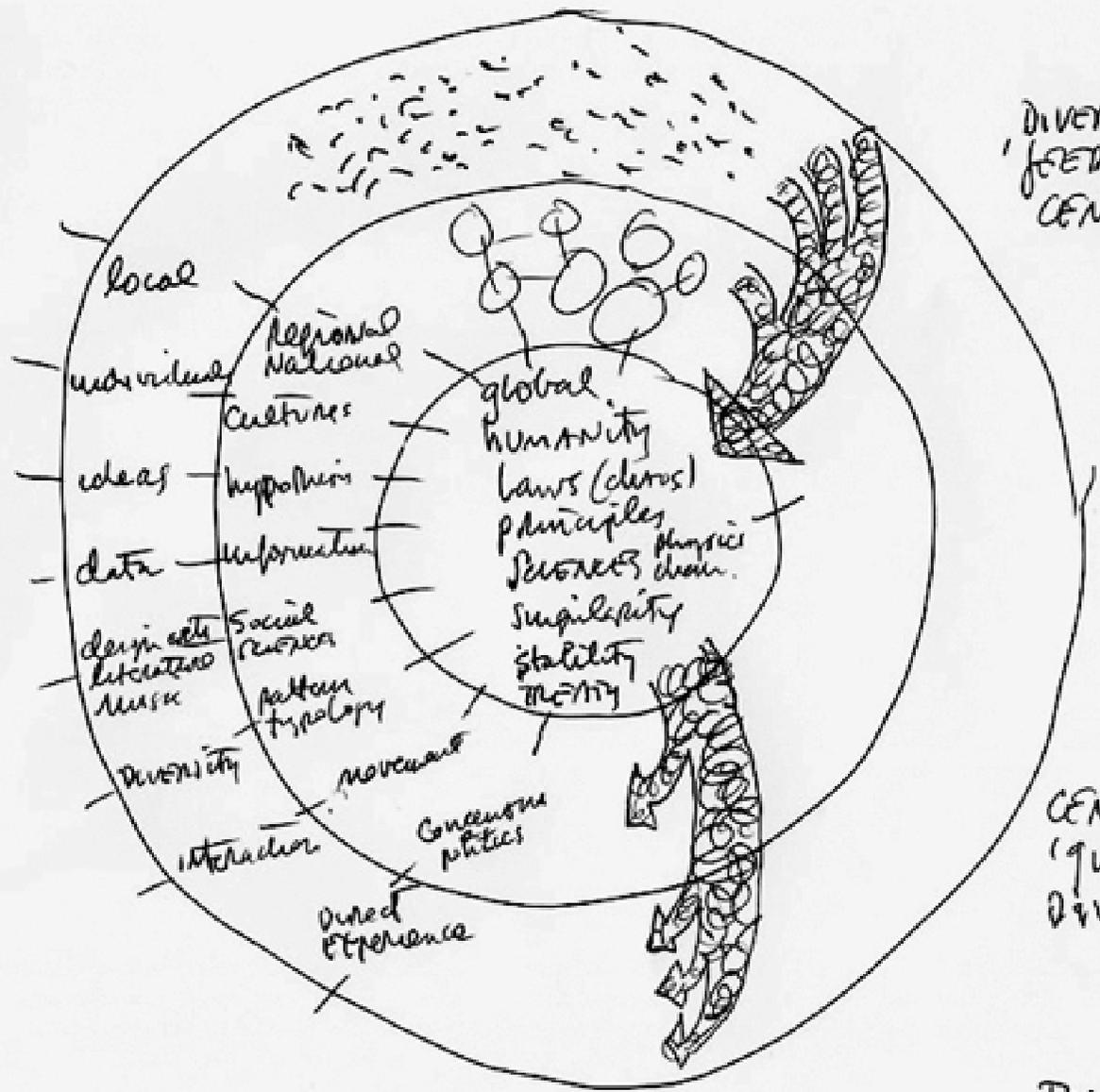
0 10 20 Kilometers
0 10 20 Miles

San Pedro Sierra Vista Open



San Pedro Benson Open





DIVERSITY
'FEEDS'
CENTRALITY

The narrower
the circle's and bands
the worse in
the long term,
and the more
unhospitable
it seems

CENTRALITY
'GUIDES'
DIVERSITY

The wider
the circle, and bands
the better, but
the more
chaotic it
seems

The balancing concept is "risk"
and this is the tension, in
decision making and education.