Water for Life: Implications for Developing Countries

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Outline

Poverty and Development

The Water Sector and Development

 Public Spending and Development Assistance in the Sector

Key Messages

Outline

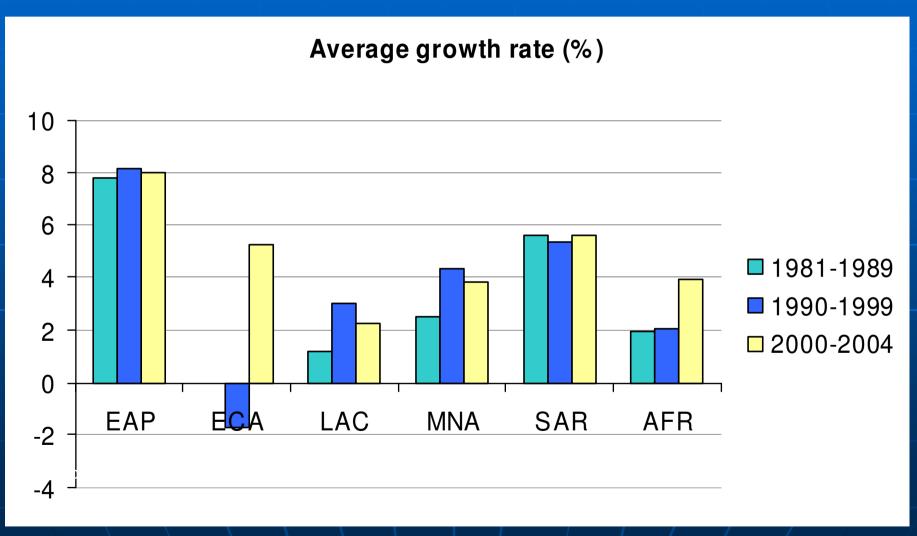
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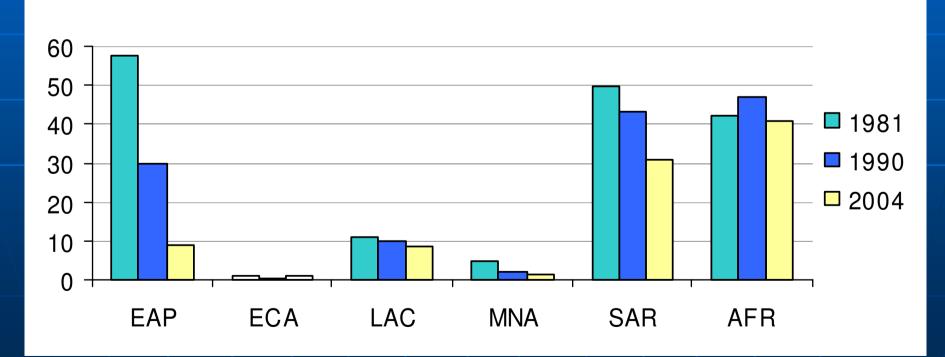
Growth and Poverty Relationship: Growth is vital for poverty reduction



Source: WDI 2007

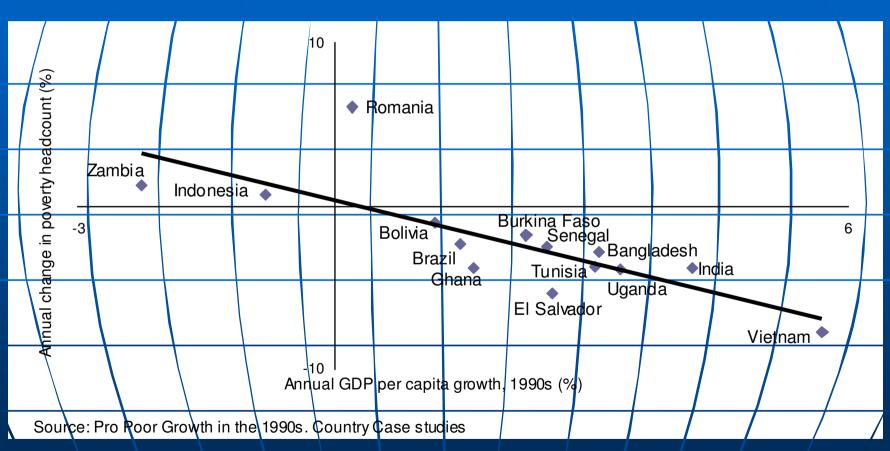
Growth and Poverty Relationship: **Growth is vital for poverty reduction** (cont.)





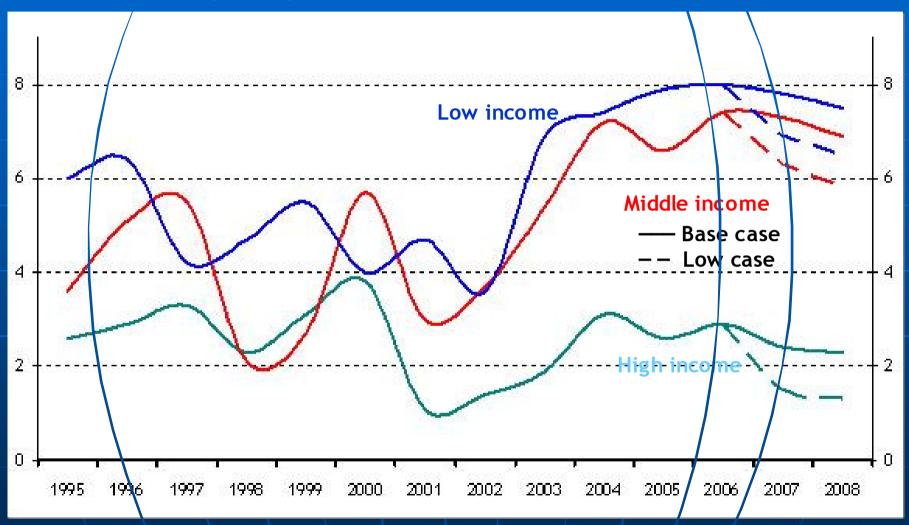
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The Growth, Inequality and Poverty Triangle: Growth is vital for poverty reduction



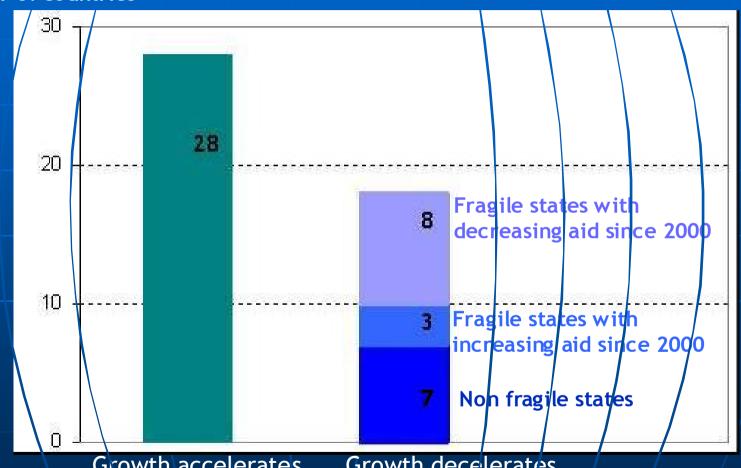
Downside risks have grown

real GDP, percentage change



Delivering aid and promoting growth in fragile states has proven difficult

Per Capita GDP Growth in 1995 2000 vs. 2000 2005 Number of countries in Low Income Countries



Growth accelerates since 2000

Growth decelerates since 2000

Source: World Bank staff calculations

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Water: A Global Challenge

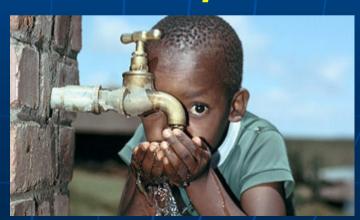


Investments in Water

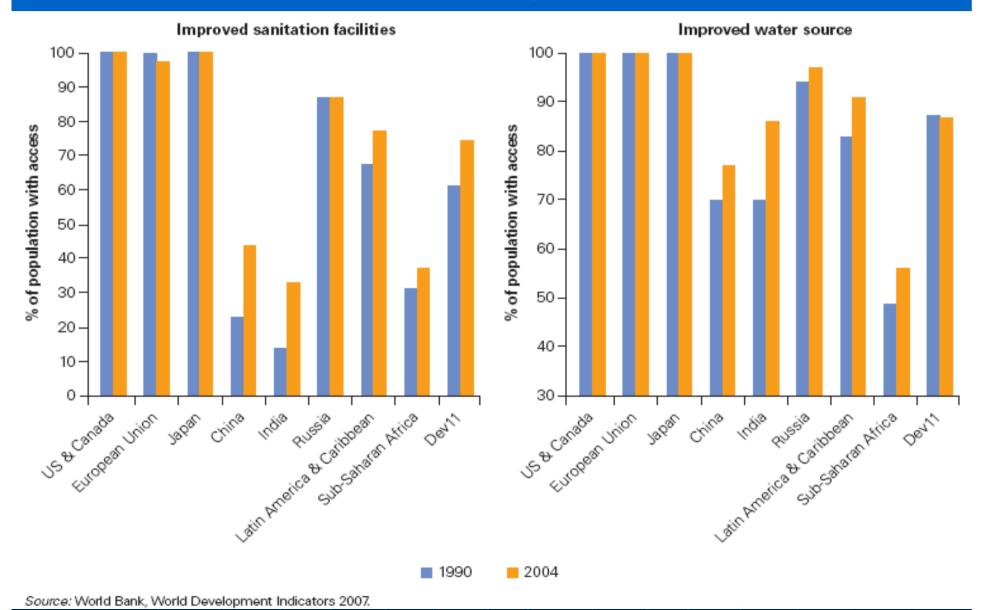
Water investments provide multiple benefits and are drivers of growth and poverty alleviation.

- Health benefits
- Environmental gains
- Building government track record of credibility and inclusivenss

- Education
- Gender aspects
- Economic growth consequences



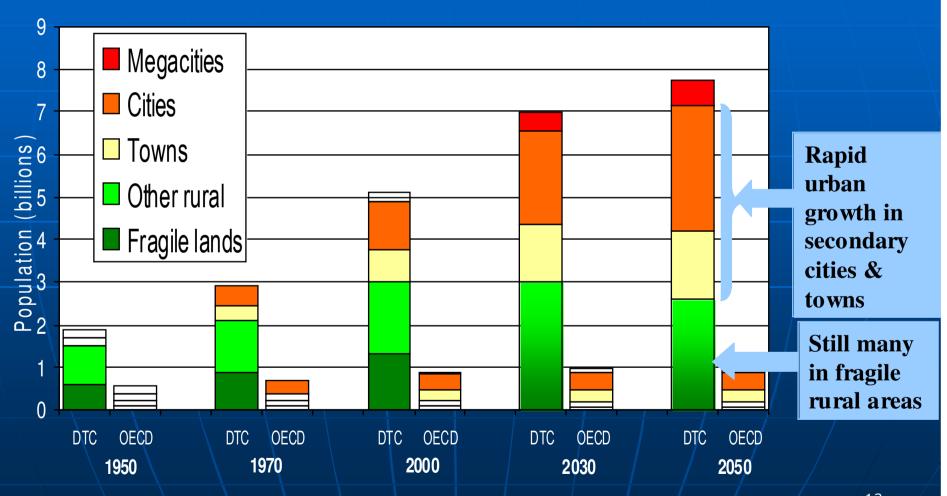
Improved Sanitation Facilities and Water Source



Urbanization

Projected Population

Developing & Transition Countries (DTC) and OECD

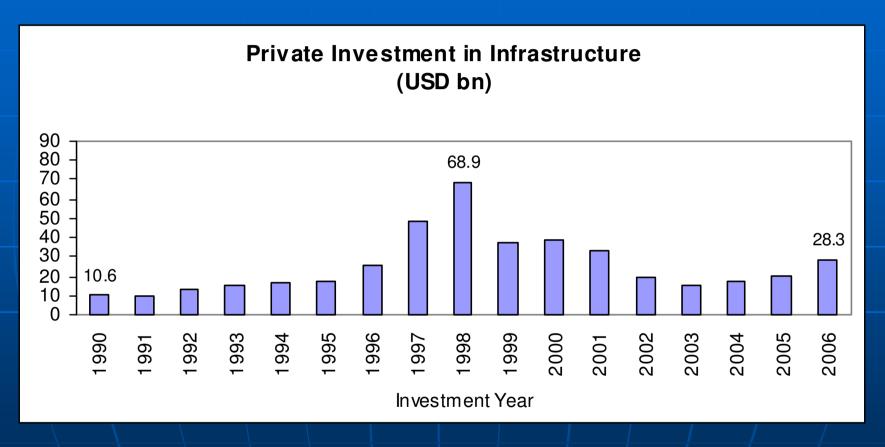


An illustration – coverage in Latin America

Many people still unserved:

- 51 million w/o access to improved drinking water source (9.2%)
- 116 million w/o adequate sanitation (23%), less than 13% of domestic sewerage treated
- 44 million w/o electricity (8%)
- 96 million using biomass for cooking and heating (19%)
- 203 million living in inadequate housing conditions (40%)
- Many w/o adequate transport options

Latin America: Private Investment in Infrastructure – back on the rise?



Source: Private Participation in Infrastructure (PPI) Database, World Bank

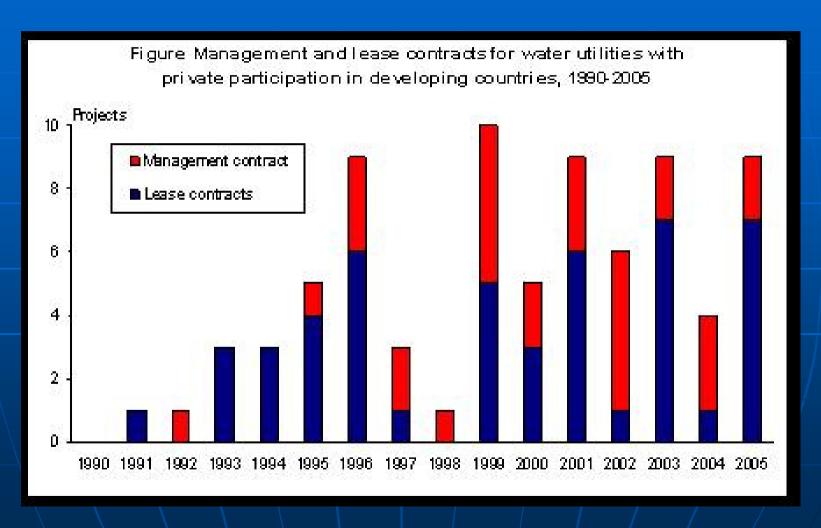
Investment Needs by Region by 2015

(percent of GDP)

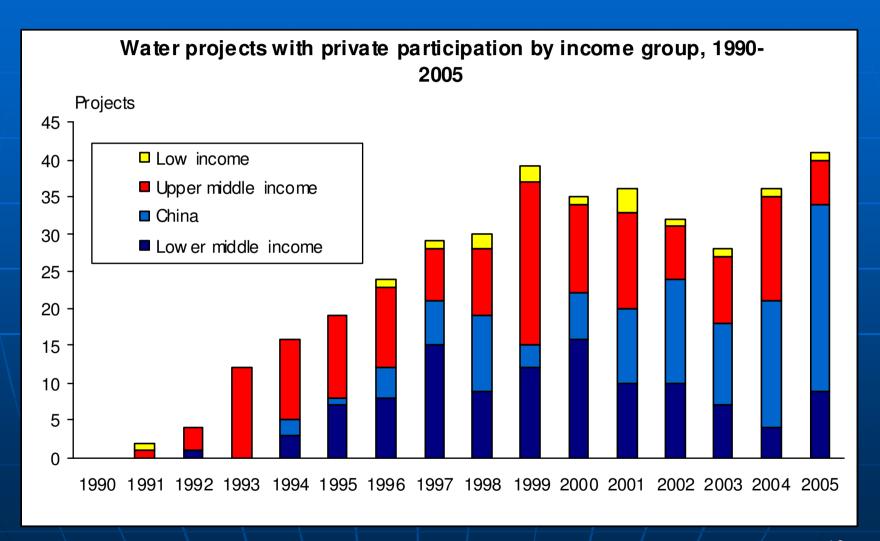
Annual Investment Needs, 2008–15	(at 2005 prices)
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	Sector				
	Transport	Telecomms	Electricity	W&S+WW	Total
		Percent of 0	<i>3DP</i>		
Region					
EAP	1.7	0.4	3.2	0.5	5.9
ECA	3.1	0.5	2.5	0.3	6.5
LAC	1.5	0.6	2.0	0.4	4.4
MENA	3.0	0.9	4.5	0.8	9.2
SAS	4.0	1.3	4.3	1.7	11.3
SSA	3.0	1.1	2.8	2.0	8.9

The Face of Private Sector Participation is Changing

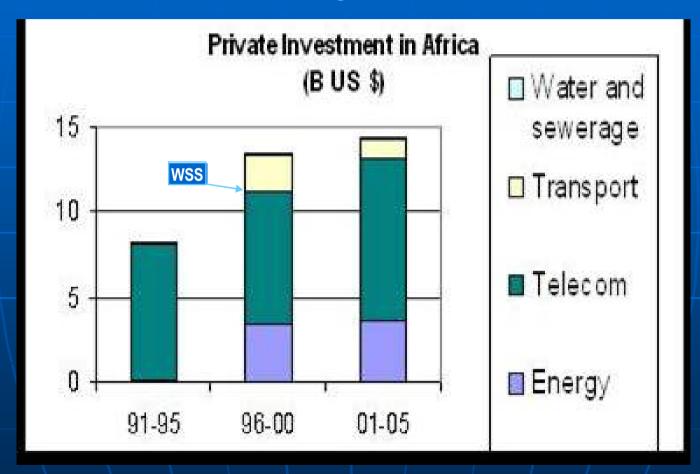


The Face of Private Sector Participation is Changing (cont.)



Africa: Financial Flows to the Sector

•Private investment is increasing but not in water



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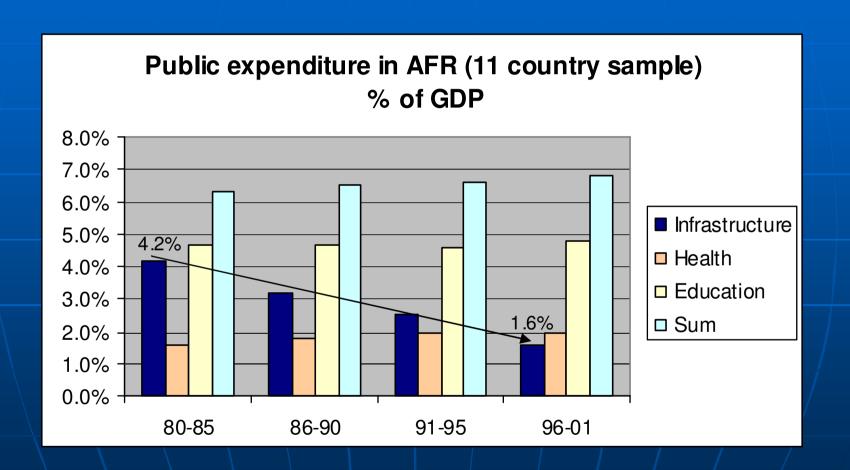
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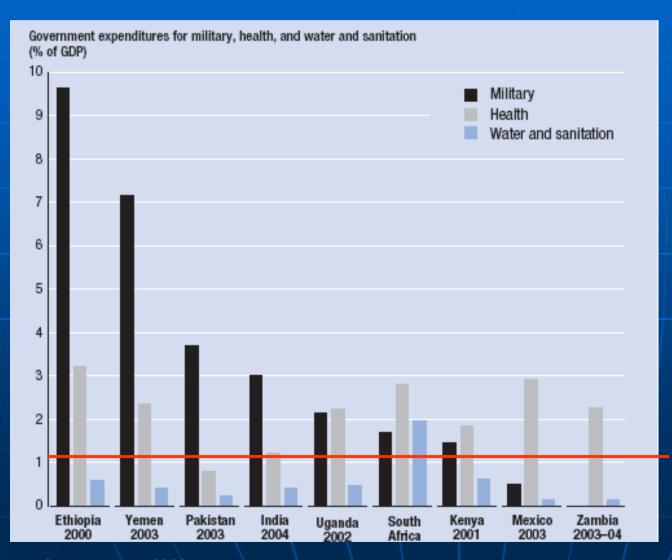
Public Spending and Development Assistance in the Sector

Key Messages

Public investment in infrastructure decreasing



Bending the Negative Trend in Public Expenditure

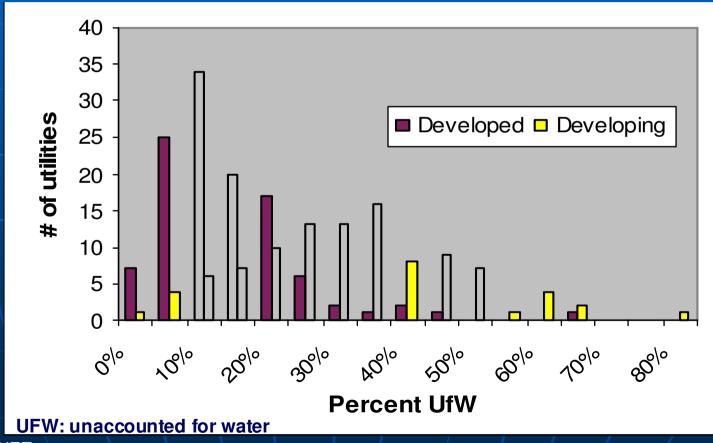


Proposal in HDR2006: Min expenditure 1% of GDP

Source: HDR 2006

Improving the Efficiency of Scarce Public Expenditure

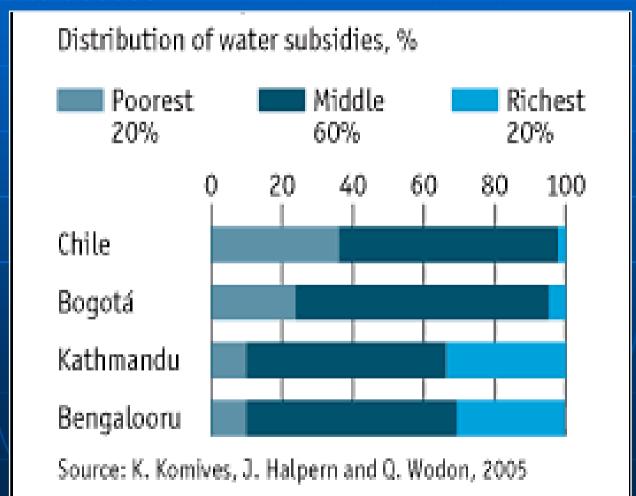
5B USD literally going down the drain: reduce NRW (non-revenue water)



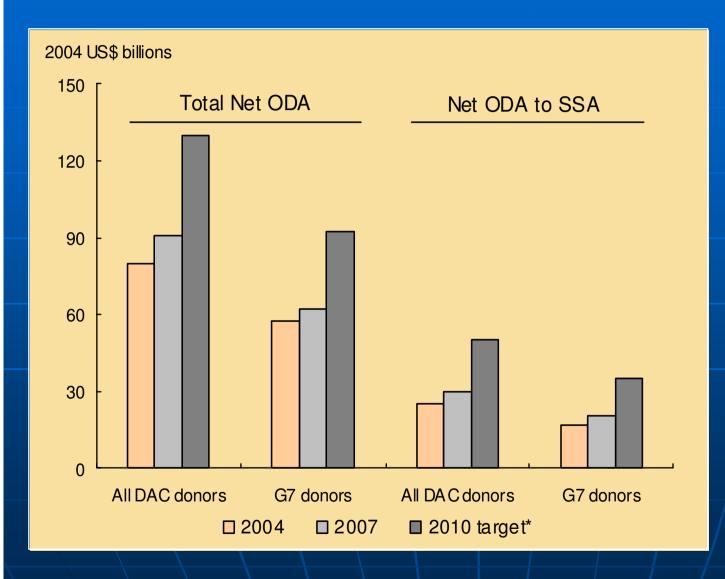
Source: IB-NET

Improving the Efficiency of Scarce Public Expenditure (cont.)

•Subsidies are captured by the middle and upper class: change to access

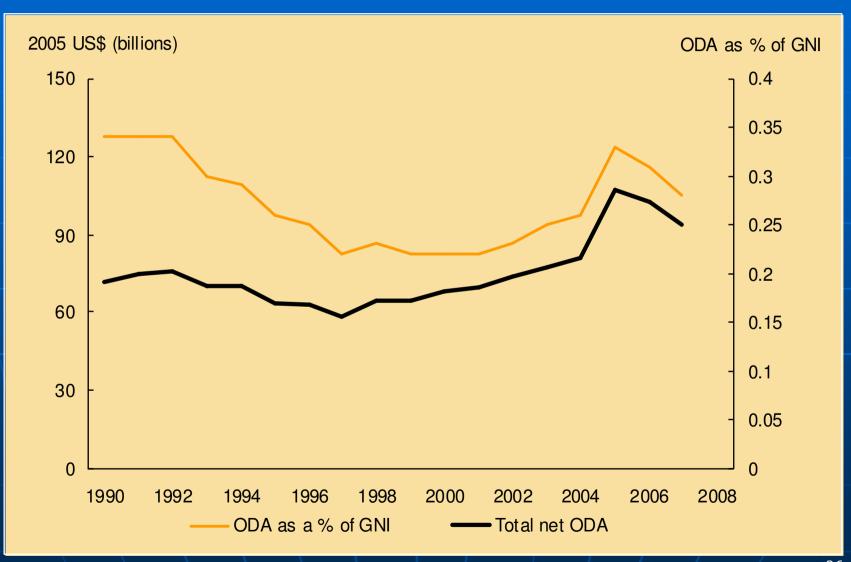


More and Better Aid?

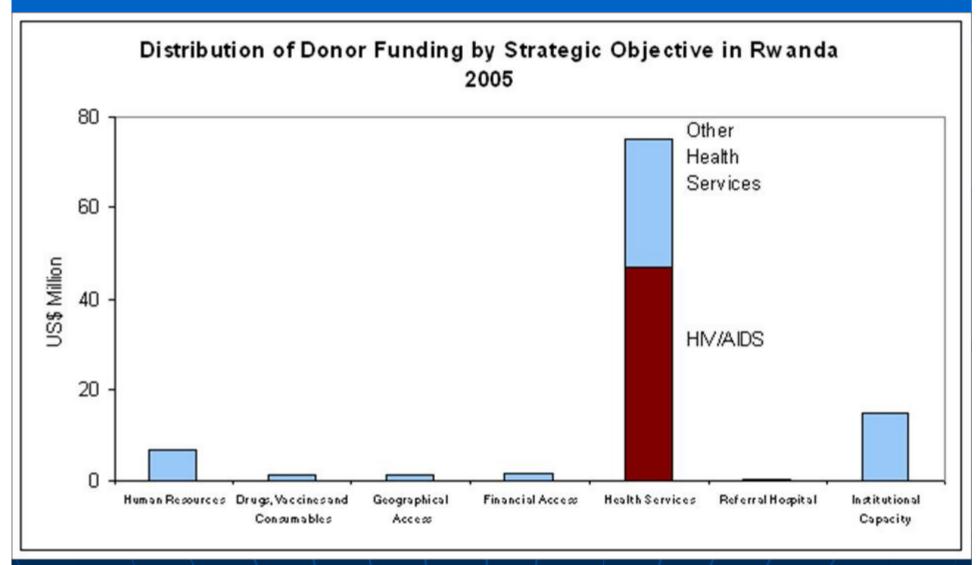


- Time to deliver on aid commitment is NOW
- Most of the promised increase in aid has not yet materialized

More and Better Aid?



More and Better Aid?



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Clean water is a development necessity

Water and sanitation are public as well as private goods

Investment needs are large

Basic service delivery is part of inclusive development package





Thank You

Gracias

